## Problem Set 3

due: May 7, 2018

Exercise 1 6 points

Let G=(V,E) be an undirected graph with length vector  $\ell\in\mathbb{R}^E$ , and let  $s,t\in V$  be two distinct vertices. For a subset  $S\subseteq V$  define

$$\delta(S) := \{ \{v, w\} \in E \mid v \in S, w \notin S \},\$$

and for  $v \in V$  let  $\delta(v) := \delta(\{v\})$ . Consider the following integer program:

$$\sum_{e \in E} \ell_e x_e$$
 s.t. 
$$\sum_{e \in \delta(v)} x_e = 2y_v, \qquad v \in V \setminus \{s, t\},$$
 
$$\sum_{e \in \delta(v)} x_e = 1, \qquad v \in \{s, t\},$$
 
$$\sum_{e \in \delta(S)} x_e \ge 2 + \sum_{v \in S} (2y_v - 2) \qquad \emptyset \subsetneq S \subseteq V \setminus \{s, t\},$$
 
$$x_e \in \{0, 1\}, \qquad e \in E,$$
 
$$y_v \in \{0, 1\}, \qquad v \in V \setminus \{s, t\}.$$

(a) Let  $(x,y) \in \{0,1\}^E \times \{0,1\}^V$  be a feasible solution of  $(\star)$ . Show that for any non-empty set  $S \subseteq V \setminus \{s,t\}$  holds

$$\sum_{e \in \delta(S)} x_e \ge 2 + \sum_{v \in S} (2y_v - 2) \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \sum_{e \in E[S]} x_e \le |S| - 1,$$

where  $E[S] := \{ \{v, w\} \in E \mid v \in S, w \in S \}.$ 

- (b) How can feasible solutions of  $(\star)$  be interpreted in the graph G? Prove that your interpretation is correct.
- (c) Which graph optimization problem is solved by  $(\star)$ ?

Exercise 2 8 points

Consider the following timetable:

Line 10: Berlin $\rightarrow$ Köln					Line 10: Köln $\rightarrow$ Berlin				
Berlin	dep.	06:51	08:51	_	Köln	dep.	06:48	08:48	
Hannover	arr.	08:28	10:28		Köln Hannover	arr.	08:28	10:28	
Hannover	dep.	08:31	10:31		Hannover	dep.	08:31	10:31	
Köln	arr.	11:09	13:09		Berlin				

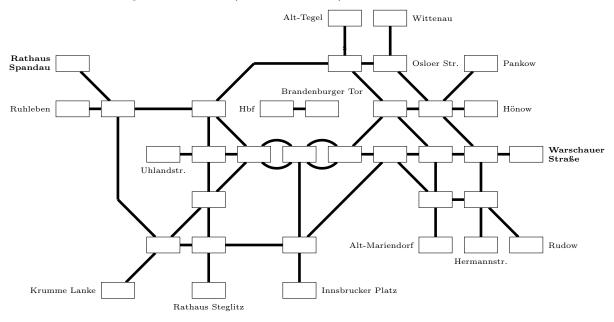
http://www.zib.de/node/3447

Line 22: Hamburg $\rightarrow$ Stuttgart				Line 22: Stuttgart $\rightarrow$ Hamburg				
Hamburg	dep.	07:06	09:06	Stuttgart	dep.	05:25	07:25	
Hannover	arr.	08:38	10:38	Hannover	arr.	09:17	11:17	
Hannover	dep.	08:41	10:41	Hannover	dep.	09:20	11:20	
Stuttgart	arr.	12:35	14:35	Hamburg	arr.	10:50	12:50	

- (a) Draw the line network corresponding to this timetable. Label the vertices with their station name and highlight the line cover.
- (b) Draw the time-expanded network. Label the events with station name and time, and label each activity with its duration.
- (c) Draw the periodic event-activity network with period time T=120 minutes. Use the same labeling as in (b).
- (d) Solve the following GATSP: Find the shortest closed walk in the network of (c) visiting Berlin, Hamburg, Hannover, Köln and Stuttgart at least once.

Exercise 3 6 points

Consider the following line network (Berlin U-Bahn):



Solve the earliest arrival problem Rathaus Spandau @ 7 May 2018,  $15:32 \rightarrow Warschauer Straße$  as follows:

- Apply the time-dependent Dijkstra algorithm with a minimum transfer time of 2 minutes.
- Stick to the line network. You do not need to draw the route vertices.
- Label each vertex with its current time and mark permanently labeled vertices.
- Do not forget to write down the optimal journey and the earliest arrival time.
- Use fahrinfo.bvg.de, mobil.bvg.de or a similar trip planner to find out the timetable. Remember to insert the correct departure date and times.