

Problem Set 10

due: July 9, 2018

Exercise 1

6 points

Let $G = (V, E)$ be an undirected graph. Denote by \mathcal{L} the set of all paths in G . For an edge $e \in E$, define $\mathcal{L}_e := \{\ell \in \mathcal{L} \mid e \in \ell\}$. Further let $f^{\min}, f^{\max} : E \rightarrow \mathbb{N}_0$ be frequency bounds with $f^{\min} \leq f^{\max}$, and set $F := \max_{e \in E} f_e^{\max}$.

For $k \in \mathbb{N}$, the k -line pool generation problem is to find a vector $x \in \{0, 1\}^{\mathcal{L}}$ satisfying the following constraints:

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{\ell \in \mathcal{L}} x_{\ell} &\leq k, \\ f_e^{\min} &\leq \sum_{\ell \in \mathcal{L}_e} f_{\ell} \leq f_e^{\max}, & e \in E, \\ f_{\ell} &\leq F x_{\ell}, & \ell \in \mathcal{L}, \\ f_{\ell} &\in \mathbb{N}_0, & \ell \in \mathcal{L}, \\ x_{\ell} &\in \{0, 1\}, & \ell \in \mathcal{L}. \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Give a trivial solution to the k -line pool generation problem for $k \geq |E|$.
- (b) Construct a polynomial-time reduction from the directed Hamiltonian path problem to the 1-line pool generation problem.

Exercise 2

5 points

Let $G = (V, E)$ be an undirected graph, and let \mathcal{P} be a set of walks in G . For a subset $W \subseteq V$ define

$$\mathcal{P}(W) := \{p \in \mathcal{P} \mid p \text{ contains an edge } \{v, w\} \text{ s.t. } v \notin W \text{ and } w \in W\}.$$

Further let $T \subseteq V$ be a set of terminal nodes, and let $c : \mathcal{P} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ be a cost function. Prove that the following integer program solves the Steiner connectivity problem on (G, \mathcal{P}, T, c) :

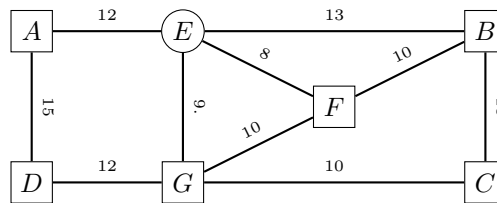
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize} & \quad \sum_{p \in \mathcal{P}} c_p x_p \\ \text{s.t.} & \quad \sum_{p \in \mathcal{P}(W)} x_p \geq 1, & W \subseteq V, \emptyset \neq W \cap T \neq T, \\ & \quad x_p \in \{0, 1\}, & p \in \mathcal{P}. \end{aligned}$$

Please turn over!

Exercise 3

9 points

Consider the following undirected graph with costs on its edges:



- (a) Find a Steiner tree of minimum cost connecting $T = \{A, B, C, D, F, G\}$.
- (b) Define $\mathcal{L}_0 := \{AD, AEB, AEF, DGC, GEBF, BCGF, DGF\}$ and consider the following OD matrix:

		to			
		A	B	C	F
from	A	0	50	0	50
	D	0	0	80	20
	G	0	40	0	0
	C	30	0	0	0

Every line $\ell \in \mathcal{L}_0$ can be operated with frequency $f_\ell \in \{0, 1, 2\}$ and vehicles of capacity 50. Find a line plan satisfying all demands with the minimum number of lines.